

# GEOG 120 - INTRODUCTION TO EARTH SCIENCES

Course and Subject Number

# M: Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of the course the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Describe and use the frameworks of science applicable to first-year physical geography.
- 2. Analyze and interpret minerals, rocks, sediment and soils to identify their environment of origin.
- 3. Describe and explain the processes that occur within earth's lithosphere and hydrosphere, as well as their interactions with the atmosphere.
- 4. Think critically and examine geomorphological issues in a scientific context at local, regional and global scales.
- 5. Communicate effectively using the language, graphical presentation methods and quantitative methods employed in physical geography.

# N. Course Content

- 1. Introduction
  - Physical geography within geography
  - Geographic spatial analysis
  - Scientific method
  - Systems theory and its application to planet Earth

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- Physical weathering types, causes, characteristics and patterns
- Influences on rates of weathering, products of weathering
- Soil characteristics: pedons, profiles, horizons, properties
- Canadian system of soil classification
- Soil orders of Canada: formation, characteristics and geographic distribution
- 9. Hydrologic Cycle and Mass Movement
  - Components of the hydrologic system
  - Mass movement classification and types
  - Influences on slope stability
- 10. Fluvial and Groundwater Systems
  - Drainage basin morphology and patterns
  - Channel patterns and processes
  - Flow characteristics
  - Fluvial erosional and depositional landforms
  - Human impacts on fluvial systems
  - Groundwater processes and landforms
  - Karst processes and landforms
  - Human impacts on groundwater systems
- 11. Glacial and Periglacial Systems
  - Development and movement of different types of glaciers
  - Glacial erosional and depositional processes and landforms
  - Periglacial distribution, processes and landforms
  - Human impacts on glacial and periglacial systems
- 12. Coastal Systems
  - Coastal environment components: tides, currents, waves
  - Wave refraction and longshore currents
  - Coastal erosional and depositional processes and landforms
  - Types of coastlines
  - Human impacts on coastal systems

#### 13. Aeolian Systems

- Geographic distribution of deserts and reasons for this distribution
- Aeolian erosional and depositional processes and landforms
- Desert fluvial processes and landforms
- Human impacts on aeolian systems

# O. Methods of Instruction

This course will employ a variety of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives, including some of the following: - lecture

- labs

- field work
- analysis and interpretation of graphs, maps and air photos
- slides, videos
- individual and/or team projects
- small group discussions

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# P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students Texts will be updated periodically. A typical example would be: Christopherson, R. W. (2002). <u>Geosystems: An Introduction to Physical Geography</u> (5<sup>th</sup> ed.). New Jersey: Prentice Hall. **Q**: **Means of Assessment** The evaluation will be based on course objectives and will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy. The instructor will provide a written course outline with specific evaluation criteria during the first week of classes. Evaluation will include some of the following: \_ Laboratory assignments with a combined value of up to 50% \_ Multiple choice and short answer exams with a combined value of up to 50%. Field work with a value of up to 20% A term project with a value of up to 25% An individual or group presentation on an assigned topic with value up to 20% An example of a possible evaluation scheme would be: Laboratory Assignments 10% Two Laboratory Exams 30% Midterm Examination 25% **Final Examination** 25% Term Project 10% 100% Note: This course received a standing variance from Education Council in November 1999 to allow up to a 15% open book lab exam in the penultimate week of the semester. This is not a final exam; it is an assessment of student learning of lab work performed in the second half of the semester. R: Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR

Yes; students may take a challenge exam to apply for recognition of prior learning.

Course Designer(s): S. Smythe

Education Council/Curriculum Committee Representative

Dean/Director

Registrar