

# **EFFECTIVE: JANUARY 2003 CURRICULUM GUIDELINES**

A:

#### M: Course Objectives / Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of the course the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Collect, display and analyze geographical data using a variety of techniques.
- 2. Explain the spatial distribution of human phenomena (language, economic activities, religion, etc.).
- 3. Analyze the origin and diffusion of culture traits such as language and religion.
- 4. Examine and explain the characteristics of cultural landscapes.
- 5. Analyze the complex relationships between people and their environments.
- 6. Understand interactions between different aspects of culture.
- 7. Describe and explain similarities and differences among the peoples and places of the world.

### N: Course Content

- 1. Introduction
  - a) The nature of human geography
  - b) Cultural variation and convergence
- 2. Who We Are People and Culture
  - a) Population
    - demography
    - growth
    - models of population change
    - population-resource interactions
    - settlement patterns
  - b) The geography of language
    - language families
    - linguistic change
  - c) Patterns of religion
    - proselytizing and ethnic religions
    - origins and diffusions of major world religions
    - religion in the landscape
  - d) Political patterns
    - electoral geography
    - the nation state
    - the place of cultural minorities within the nation state
- 3. What We Do Patterns of Subsistence
  - a) The geography of agriculture
    - agricultural regions
    - theories of agricultural origins and dispersals
    - modern commercial agriculture and sustainability
    - agricultural location theory
  - b) Industrialization
    - classification of economic activity
    - the Industrial Revolution
    - economic development cores and peripheries
    - de-industrialization and the new international division of labour
    - impacts of globalization
- 4. Where We Live Urbanization and Cities
  - a) Urbanization
    - definitions of urban
    - origin and diffusion of the city
    - the evolution of urban landscapes
    - the rank-size rule and primacy
    - cities in the developing world

#### Course Content Cont'd.

- b) Industrial and post-industrial cities
  - internal structure urban regions
  - land use and land values
  - models of urban structure
  - ethnic and other minorities in cities
  - perception of the city
  - emerging urban landscapes

#### 5. Conclusion

a) Human geography in a globalizing world

#### O: Methods of Instruction

The course will employ a variety of instructional methods to accomplish its objectives, including some of the following:

- lectures
- small group discussions
- visual presentations slides and videos
- individual and team projects and/or presentations
- field assignments
- practical in-class exercises

#### P: Textbooks and Materials to be Purchased by Students

Texts will be updated periodically. Typical examples are:

Jordan-Bychkov T. G. and M. Domosh. (2002). *The Human Mosaic*. *A thematic Introduction to Cultural Geography*. (9<sup>th</sup> ed.) New York: Longman.

Knox, P. L. and S. A. Marsden. (2001). *Human Geography. Places and Regions in a Global Context*. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.) New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

## Q: Means of Assessment

Evaluation will be based on course objectives and will be carried out in accordance with Douglas College policy. The instructor will provide a written course outline with specific criteria during the first week of classes.

An example of a possible evaluation scheme would be:

Lab Assignments	15%
Field Assignments	15%
Tests	40%
Term Project	20%
Participation	10%

R:	Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition: specify whether course is open for PLAR	
	Students may take a challenge exam to apply for recognition of prior learning	

Course Designer(s): Ian Joyce Education Council / Curriculum Committee RapG DireJoce