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EFFECTIVE: SEPTEMBER 2004

53. explain the following terms: substance, matter, element, compound, mixture, homogeneous and

9. <u>Electrical Nature of Matter</u>

Charge, electrons, nucleus, protons, neutrons, ions, electrolysis, conductivity, ionic compounds, polyatomic ions, isotopes.

10. Chemical Equations

Conservation of mass, balancing equations, special symbols, combustion, types of reactions.

11. Stoichiometry

Reactions, mole relationships, mole-mole and gram-gram conversions, limiting reagent, theoretical yield, activity series.

12. Solutions

Terms, concentration, solubility, solution stoichiometry, dissociation, precipitation, ionic and net ionic equations.

13. Acids and Bases

Classification, properties of acids and bases, strong and weak acids, hydronium ion, electrolytes, titration.

14. **Gases**

Direct proportionality, graphing review, inverse proportionality, variables – pressure, volume, Temperature, moles – Gas Laws, Ideal Gas Equation, molar volume, molecular mass.

15. **Oxidation-Reduction Review**

Laboratory Course Content

Experiments will be selected from the following list:

- 1. Introduction and analytical balance
- 2. Chemistry in the kitchen
- 3. Physical and chemical changes
- 4. Mass measurements
- 5. Volume measurements
- 6. Graphing
- 7. Conservation of mass
- 8. Types of chemical reactions
- 9. Periodic table
- 10. The mole
- 11. Gas Laws
- 12. Stoichiometry
- 13. Factors Influencing The Rates of Chemical Reactions

Q: Means of Assessment

The student's performance in the course will be evaluated in the following fashion:

- 1. <u>Laboratory work (24%)</u> Laboratory reports will be written in the laboratory note book and graded either pass or fail.
- 2. <u>Examination (76%)</u>